



onion

APPLICATION TIMES, MODES AND DOSE

1st foliar application: on plants with 4-6 leaves.

Dose: 2 L/Ha.

2nd foliar application: on plants with 8-12 leaves. Should coincide with the swelling of the bulbs.

Dose: 2 L/Ha (Volume of culture medium: 500 L/Ha).

BENEFITS AND ADVANTAGES

PRODUCTION:

- Improvement in root development.
- Greater vegetative growth. Greener leaves.
- Increases production (increase in weight and decrease in yield loss).
- Commercial sized onions.

QUALITY:

- Homogeneous layers.
- Improves calibre homogeneity.
- Better quality (increases the antioxidant potential) of dehydrated onion powder resulting in an increase in a phenolic compound called "QUERCETIN".

HEALTH:

- Increases the polyphenol content in the plant, thus increasing the plant's capacity to defend itself against pests and diseases.
- Due to its special properties, it exerts a triple preventive effect against trips:
 - Thickening of cell walls, leading to thicker, more turgid leaves, making them more resistant to bites and physical deformation.
 - Acts as a natural repellent, due to the increase of volatile Sulphur compounds in the onion itself.
 - Promotes speedy and better healing of the micro wounds caused by trips.

RECOMMENDATIONS

We recommend the use of **CORRIZ•AM**[®] (root application) at plantation begins to cause greater proliferation of absorbent hairs and a larger root mass, resulting in better root establishment.

Dose (irrigation application): 5 L/Ha.

To improve the effectiveness of phytosanitary and nutritional treatments, mixing with **QUASSAR**[®] is recommended for its high surfactant, adherent and penetrating power.

Foliar dose: 1,5 - 3 cc/L.